# Stress Management

Joyce Cheng RN.
Community Health Nurse
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## What is Stress?

- Stress is our body's way of responding to any kind of demand placed on us.
- Pressure, tension
- a state of mental or emotional strain or tension resulting from adverse or very demanding circumstances.

## Good Stress

- It's part of your life.
- It make you be productive.



## Tolerable Stress

o I can handle this...

o...Not a big de



## **Toxic Stress**

 When you don't have any control over the threating events.

• When you come 's stressful

situation.



# What make you stressed?



## Top Causes of Stress in the U.S.

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#1 Job Pressure
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- #2 Money
- #3 Health
- #4 Relationships
- **#5 Poor Nutrition**
- #6 Media Overload
- #7 Sleep Deprivation

Data from American Psychological Association, American Institute of Stress NY Research date: 7.8.2014

#### ... On your body ... On your mood ... On your behavior

- •Headache
- Muscle tension
   Restlessness
- or pain
- Fatigue
- Change in sex Irritability or drive
- Stomach upsetSadness or
- •Sleep problems depression

- Anxiety
- Lack of
- Chest pain motivation or
  - focus

    - anger

- Overeating or under eating
- Angry outbursts
- Drug or alcohol abuse
- Tobacco use
- Social withdrawal

# 10 Ways to Manage Your Stress

- Learn relaxation techniques like deep breathing, mindfulness, yoga or Tai-chi. Take 15-20 minutes every day to practice and reflect.
- 2. Keep a positive attitude; give yourself positive messages.
- 3. Exercise regularly by bicycling, walking, hiking, jogging. Your body can fight stress better when it is fit.
- 4. Halt stress in its tracks; take a walk or drive in the slow lane to avoid getting angry at other drivers.
- 5. Manage your time. Give yourself time to get things done.







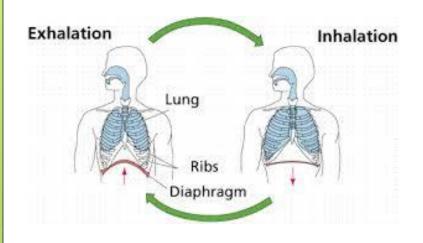
# 10 Ways to Manage Your Stress

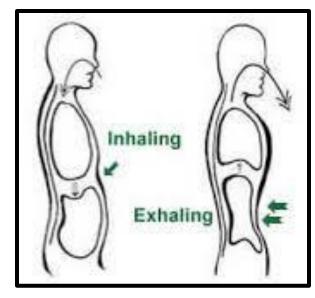
- Do things that are pleasurable, like reading or gardening.
- 7. Eat healthy, well-balanced meals.
- 8. Get enough rest and sleep. Your body needs time to recover from stressful events.
- Avoid alcohol and recreational drugs. And don't smoke.
- 10. Seek out social support and accept that there are events that you cannot control.





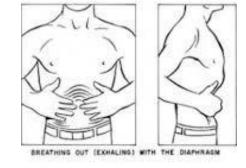




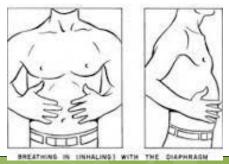


#### **Deep Breathing Exercise**

Exhale Breathout



Inhale Breath-in





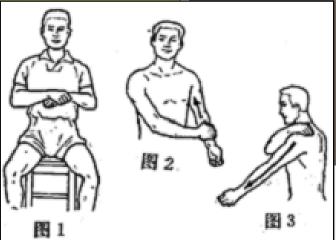
# Deep Breathing Exercise

- 1. Keep your tongue on the roof of your mouth. Inhale and exhale through your nose.
- 2. Aim for a long, continuous breath without a pause between the inhale and exhale. The breath, like a circle, shouldn't stop.
- 3. **Breath to and from the belly**. As the belly moves in and out with each breath, your organs receive an internal massage.
- 4. **Relax**. Relax your eyes, your chest, your jaws. Relax everywhere else you may be holding tension.
- 5. And breathe...

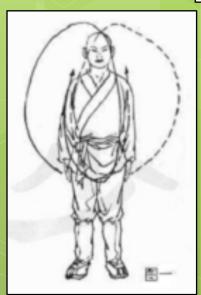
Over time, you should find your self breath longer and deeper with a greater sense of relaxation

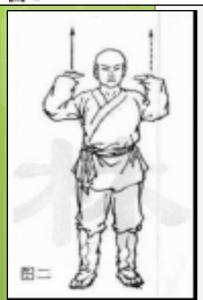


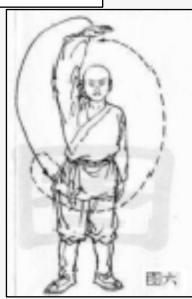
#### Deep Breathing & Exercise



Warm up







Separate
Heaven and
Earth

Two Hand holding up the heavens

# Tai Chi: A gentle way to fight stress

- A Chinese tradition
- A graceful form of exercise, a series of movements performed in a slow, focused manner and accompanied by deep breathing
- Tai chi helps reduce stress and anxiety
- Tai chi helps increase flexibility and balance

## **U.S. Stress Statistics**

Data from American Psychological Association, American Institute of Stress NY Research

aate: 7.8.2014

- 77% of people who regularly experience physical symptoms caused by stress
- 73% regularly experience psychological symptoms caused by stress
- 33% feel that are living with extreme stress
- 48% feel their stress has increased over the past five years
- 76% cited money and work as the leading cause of their stress
- 48% reported lying awake at night due to stress

## Stress Impact Statistics

- 48% say stress has a negative impact on their personal and professional life
- 31% employed adults who say they have difficulty managing work and family responsibilities
- 35% who cited jobs interfering with their family or personal time as a significant source of stress
- 54% who said stress has caused them to fight with people close to them
- 26% reported being alienated from a friend or family member because of stress
- 30% who say they are "always" or "often" under stress at work
- \$300 Billion annual costs to employers in stress related health care and missed work

# Psychological Stress Symptoms

#### **Physical Symptoms**

51% Fatigue

44% Headache

34% Upset stomach

30% Muscle tension

23% Change in appetite

17% teeth grinding

15% Change in sex drive

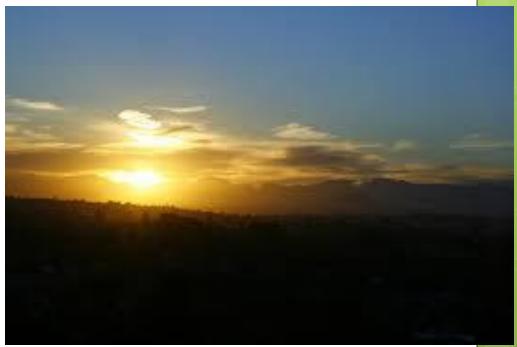
13% Feeling Dizzy

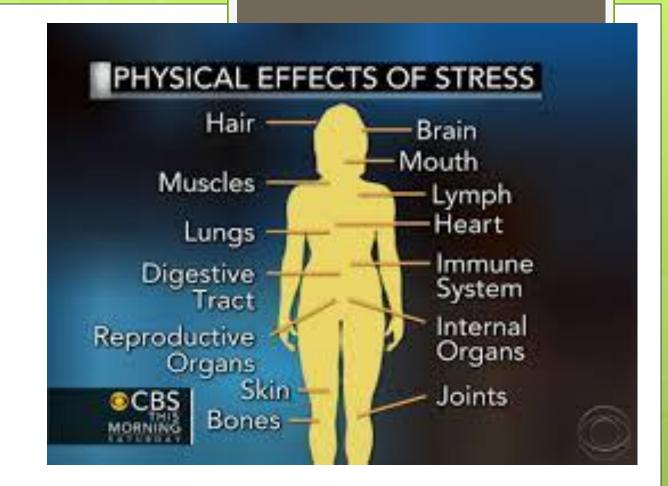
- 50% Irritability or anger
- 45% Feeling nervous
- 45% Lack of energy
- 35% Feeling as though you could cry

## Results from Stress

- Forty-three percent of all adults suffer adverse health effects from stress.
- Seventy-five percent to 90% of all doctor's office visits are for stress-related ailments and complaints.
- Stress can play a part in problems such as <u>headaches</u>, <u>high</u> <u>blood pressure</u>, <u>heart</u> problems, <u>diabetes</u>, <u>skin</u> conditions, <u>asthma</u>, <u>arthritis</u>, <u>depression</u>, and <u>anxiety</u>.
- The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) declared stress a hazard of the workplace. Stress costs American industry more than \$300 billion annually.
- The lifetime prevalence of an emotional disorder is more than 50%, often due to chronic, untreated stress reactions.







# High blood pressure risks increase over the long term stress

- Stress can elevated blood pressure temporally. Once the stressor disappears, your blood pressure returns to normal. However, even temporary spikes in blood pressure, if they occur often enough, can damage your blood vessels, heart and kidneys.
- If you react to stress by smoking, drinking alcohol or eating unhealthy foods, you increase your risk of high blood pressure, heart attack and stroke.

## Stress-reducing activities can lower your blood pressure

- Simplify your schedule. Take a few minutes to review your calendar and to-do lists. Look for activities that take up your time but aren't very important to you. Schedule less time or eliminate them completely.
- **Breathe to relax.** Practice deep and slow breathing can help you relax.
- **Exercise.** Physical activity is a natural stress buster. Just be sure to get your doctor's OK before starting a new exercise program. Exercise reduces stress and lower your systolic BP by as much as 5 to 10 mm Hg).
- Try yoga and meditation. Yoga and meditation can strengthen your body and help you relax, it also may lower your systolic BP by 5 mm Hg or more.
- Get plenty of sleep. Being sleep deprived can make your problems seem worse than they really are.
- o Shift your perspective. When dealing with problems, resist the tendency to

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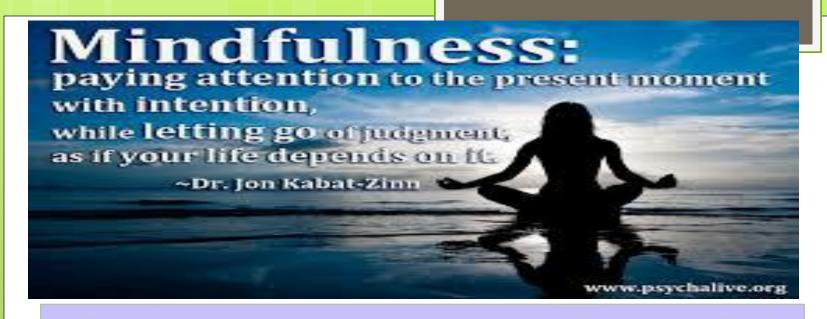
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Shift your perspective. When dealing with problems, resist the tendency to complain. Acknowledge your feelings about the

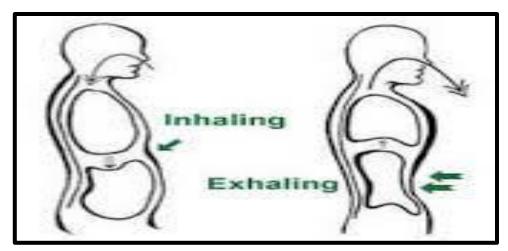


"We're so busy watching out for what's just ahead of us that we don't take time to enjoy where we are."

- calvin't Hobbes



Mindfulness



Deep Breathing



Desk Yoga